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## Correction to: Repository corticotropin injection versus corticosteroids for protection against renal damage in a focal segmental glomerulosclerosis rodent model



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Correction to: BMC Nephrology (2020) 21:226 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12882-020-01879-6

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified an error in Fig. 7. The correct figure is given below.

The original article has been corrected.

Published online: 16 July 2020

## Reference

 Hayes K, et al. Repository corticotropin injection versus corticosteroids for protection against renal damage in a focal segmental glomerulosclerosis rodent model. BMC Nephrol. 2020;21:226. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12882-020-01879-6.

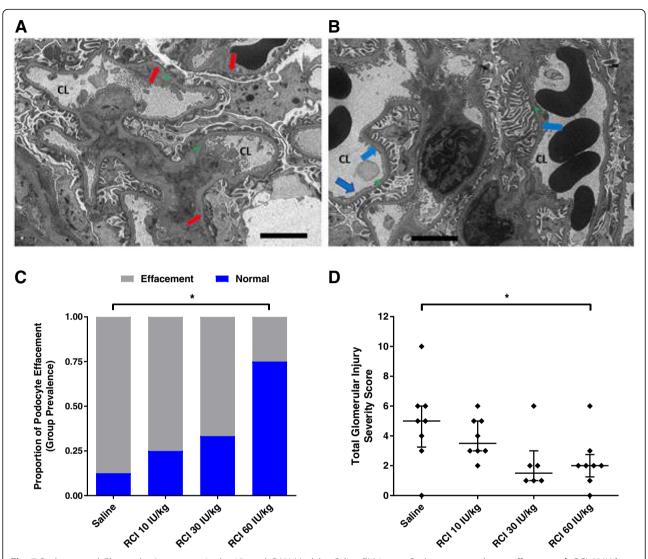
The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s12882-020-01879-6.

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Hayes et al. BMC Nephrology (2020) 21:278 Page 2 of 2



**Fig. 7** Podocyte and Glomerular Assessment in the 12-week PAN Model. **a** Saline EM image. Red arrows = podocyte effacement. **b** RCI 60 IU/kg EM image. Blue arrows = normal podocyte foot process structure. **a, b** Green \* = capillary basement membrane; CL = capillary lumen; scale bar =  $4 \mu M$ . **c** Group prevalence of podocyte effacement by EM analysis. \*p < 0.05, Fisher's exact test for group differences compared with saline, 2-tailed. **d** Total glomerular injury score. \*p < 0.05, Kruskal-Wallis nonparametric ANOVA, Dunn's post hoc test, comparing the RCI treatment groups with saline. Values are mean  $\pm$  standard error of the mean. For all panels, naive samples are not shown because of low sample size. Abbreviations: ANOVA, analysis of variance; EM, electron microscopy; PAN, puromycin aminonucleoside; RCI, repository corticotropin injection